# FORM 5

# **QUARTERLY LISTING STATEMENT**

Name of Listed Issuer: Miramont Resources Corp. (the "Issuer").

Trading Symbol: MONT

This Quarterly Listing Statement must be posted on or before the day on which the Issuer's unaudited interim financial statements are to be filed under the *Securities* Act, or, if no interim statements are required to be filed for the quarter, within 60 days of the end of the Issuer's first, second and third fiscal quarters. This statement is not intended to replace the Issuer's obligation to separately report material information forthwith upon the information becoming known to management or to post the forms required by the Exchange Policies. If material information became known and was reported during the preceding quarter to which this statement relates, management is encouraged to also make reference in this statement to the material information, the news release date and the posting date on the Exchange website.

#### **General Instructions**

- (a) Prepare this Quarterly Listing Statement using the format set out below. The sequence of questions must not be altered nor should questions be omitted or left unanswered. The answers to the following items must be in narrative form. When the answer to any item is negative or not applicable to the Issuer, state it in a sentence. The title to each item must precede the answer.
- (b) The term "Issuer" includes the Listed Issuer and any of its subsidiaries.
- (c) Terms used and not defined in this form are defined or interpreted in Policy 1 Interpretation and General Provisions.

There are three schedules which must be attached to this report as follows:

# SCHEDULE A: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

See Financial Statements for the quarter ended January 31, 2017 attached as Schedule A.

Financial statements are required as follows:

For the first, second and third financial quarters interim financial statements prepared in accordance with the requirements under Ontario securities law must be attached.

If the Issuer is exempt from filing certain interim financial statements, give the date of the exempting order.

# SCHEDULE B: SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The supplementary information set out below must be provided when not included in Schedule A.

# 1. Related party transactions

Provide disclosure of all transactions with a Related Person, including those previously disclosed on Form 10. Include in the disclosure the following information about the transactions with Related Persons:

All Related Party transactions, if any, have been disclosed in the Issuer's Management Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended January 31, 2017 attached as Schedule C.

- (a) A description of the relationship between the transacting parties. Be as precise as possible in this description of the relationship. Terms such as affiliate, associate or related company without further clarifying details are not sufficient.
- (b) A description of the transaction(s), including those for which no amount has been recorded.
- (c) The recorded amount of the transactions classified by financial statement category.
- (d) The amounts due to or from Related Persons and the terms and conditions relating thereto.
- (e) Contractual obligations with Related Persons, separate from other contractual obligations.
- (f) Contingencies involving Related Persons, separate from other contingencies.

# 2. Summary of securities issued and options granted during the period.

Provide the following information for the period beginning on the date of the last Listing Statement (Form 2A):

All securities issued and options granted, if any, have been disclosed in the Issuer's Financial Statements for the quarter ended January 31, 2017– see Schedule A.

(a) summary of securities issued during the period,

Date of Issue	Type of Security (common shares, convertible debentures, etc.)	Type of Issue (private placement, public offering, exercise of warrants, etc.)	Number	Price	Total Proceeds	Type of Consideration (cash, property, etc.)	Describe relationship of Person with Issuer (indicate if Related Person)	Commission Paid

(b) summary of options granted during the period,

Date	Number	Name of Optionee if Related Person and relationship	Generic description of other Optionees	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Market Price on date of Grant

# 3. Summary of securities as at the end of the reporting period.

Provide the following information in tabular format as at the end of the reporting period:

- description of authorized share capital including number of shares for each class, dividend rates on preferred shares and whether or not cumulative, redemption and conversion provisions,
- (b) number and recorded value for shares issued and outstanding,
- (c) description of options, warrants and convertible securities outstanding, including number or amount, exercise or conversion price and expiry date, and any recorded value, and
- (d) number of shares in each class of shares subject to escrow or pooling agreements or any other restriction on transfer.

Authorized Share	Issued and	Options	Warrants	Escrowed			
Capital	Outstanding			Shares			
Unlimited number of	14,950,264	Nil	4,233,332	8,599,166			
Common Shares							
without par value							
Class B Preferred	0						
Non-Voting							
Shares <sup>(1)</sup>							

# 4. List the names of the directors and officers, with an indication of the position(s) held, as at the date this report is signed and filed.

Name	Position
Tyson King	Director and President
Gordon King	Director
Gerald Shields	Director
Leah Hodges	Director and Corporate Secretary
Lesia Burianyk	Chief Financial Officer

#### SCHEDULE C: MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Provide Interim MD&A if required by applicable securities legislation.

See Management Discussion and Analysis for the quarter ended January 31, 2017 attached as Schedule C.

# **Certificate Of Compliance**

The undersigned hereby certifies that:

- 1. The undersigned is a director and/or senior officer of the Issuer and has been duly authorized by a resolution of the board of directors of the Issuer to sign this Quarterly Listing Statement.
- 2. As of the date hereof there is no material information concerning the Issuer which has not been publicly disclosed.
- 3. The undersigned hereby certifies to the Exchange that the Issuer is in compliance with the requirements of applicable securities legislation (as such term is defined in National Instrument 14-101) and all Exchange Requirements (as defined in CNSX Policy 1).
- 4. All of the information in this Form 5 Quarterly Listing Statement is true.

Dated March 27, 2017.

Tyson King
Name of Director or Senior Officer
/s/ "Tyson King"
Signature
Director & President
Official Capacity

Issuer Details Name of Issuer Miramont Resources Corp.	For Quarter Ended January 31, 2017	Date of Report 03/27/2017		
Issuer Address 1026 Belmont Avenue				
City/Province/Postal Code North Vancouver, B.C., V7R 1K2	Issuer Fax No. N/A	Issuer Telephone No. (604) 377-0403		
Contact Name  Leah Hodges	Contact Position Director and Corporate Secretary	Contact Telephone No. (604) 377-0403		
Contact Email Address Ihodges@benchmarkgovernance.com	Web Site Address www.miramontresources.com			

# **SCHEDULE A**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JANUARY 31, 2017

# **CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

# NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
As at

		January 31, 2017		July, 31, 2016
ASSETS				
Current				
Cash	\$	663,503	\$	44,993
Accounts receivable		1,431		-
		664,934		44,993
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 4)		30,000		_
	\$	694,934	\$	44,993
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)	\$	39,841	¢	9,237
Accounts payable and accided habilities (Note 5)	<u> </u>	39,841	Υ ————————————————————————————————————	9,237
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital (Note 6)		726,680		82,505
Share subscriptions received in advance (Note 6)		-		4,025
Share subscriptions receivable (Note 6)		-		(37,550)
Deficit		(71,587)		(13,224)
		655,093		35,756
	\$	694,934	\$	44,993

Subsequent events (Note 12)

Approved by:

/s/ "Tyson King"

Tyson King, Director

Gordon King, Director

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended January 31,	Three months ended January 31,	Six months ended January 31,	Six months ended January 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Expenses				
Business development	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,750	\$ -
Filing fees	7,592	200	8,662	200
Office and miscellaneous	303	285	598	346
Professional fees	37,553	-	41,053	-
Property investigation costs	4,300	-	4,300	-
Loss and comprehensive loss for the				
period	\$ (49,748)	\$ (485)	\$ (58,363)	\$ (546)
land management about the six and				
Loss per common share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)
West to decrease and the first				
Weighted average number of common	14 214 022	6 254 122	10 240 000	C 171 111
shares outstanding – basic and diluted	14,214,032	6,254,122	10,348,808	6,174,414

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Sha	are C	apital	-				
	Number of shares		Amount	Share subscriptions received in advance	Share subscriptions receivable		Deficit	Total
July 31, 2015	6,000,000	\$	67,500	\$ -	\$ (37,500)	\$	(614)	\$ 29,386
Issuance of common shares (Note 6) Share subscriptions received in advance Loss for the period	300,100 - -		15,005 - -	- 4,025 -	(3,250) - -	-	- - (546)	11,755 4,025 (546)
January 31, 2016	6,300,100	\$	82,505	\$ 4,025	\$ (40,750)	\$	(1,160)	\$ 44,620
July 31, 2016	6,300,100	\$	82,505	\$ 4,025	\$ (37,550)	\$	(13,224)	\$ 35,756
Issuance of common shares (Note 6) Loss for the period	8,650,164 -		644,175 -	(4,025) -	37,550 -	-	- (58,363)	677,700 (58,363)
January 31, 2017	14,950,264	\$	726,680	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(71,587)	\$ 655,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Six months ended January 31, 2017	Six months ended January 31, 2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (58,363)	\$ (546)
Change in non-cash working capital items:		
Accounts receivable	(1,431)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	30,604	(619)
Net cash used in operating activities	(29,190)	(1,165)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY  Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	(30,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activity	(30,000)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital	605,150	11,755
Proceeds for share subscriptions receivable	37,550	-
Share subscriptions received in advance	35,000	4,025
Net cash provided by financing activities	677,700	15,780
Increase in cash	618,510	14,615
Cash, beginning of period	44,993	29,991
Cash, end of period	\$ 663,503	\$ 44,606

**Supplemental cash flow information** (Note 8)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Miramont Resources Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on July 15, 2015 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company is a mineral exploration company with a focus on acquiring, exploring and advancing exploration and evaluation assets in Canada. The Company's head office and registered and records office address is 1026 Belmont Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7R 1K2. The Company is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol MONT.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. The condensed interim financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its business activities, its ability to obtain profitable operations and generate funds, and/or complete financings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). They do not include all disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for annual financial statements, and, therefore, should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2016, prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

# Approval of the financial statements

These condensed interim financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company on March 27, 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

# **Basis of presentation**

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information and certain financial assets that are measured at fair value.

# Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted, which is the functional currency of the Company.

# Significant estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and are, but are not limited to, the following:

Recovery of deferred tax assets - Judgment is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized in the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the date of the statement of financial position could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. The Company has not recorded any deferred tax assets.

# Significant judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these condensed interim financial statements are, but are not limited to, the following:

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

# Significant judgments (cont'd...)

Carrying value and the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets - Management has determined that exploration and evaluation costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, scoping and feasibility studies, accessibility of facilities, and existing permits.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as in the Company's financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2016, except as noted below.

# **Exploration and evaluation assets**

The Company is in the process of exploring its exploration and evaluation assets and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

Exploration costs are recognized in profit or loss. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area of interest are recognized in profit or loss. All costs related to the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized on an individual prospect basis. Amounts received for the sale of exploration and evaluation assets, for option payments and for exploration advances are treated as reductions of the cost of the property, with payments in excess of capitalized costs recognized in profit or loss. Costs for a producing property will be amortized on a unit-of-production method based on the estimated life of the ore reserves. The recoverability of the amounts capitalized for the undeveloped exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the determination of economically recoverable ore reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete their development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of properties pursuant to the terms of option agreements. Due to the fact that property options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as exploration and evaluation asset costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the option payments received exceed the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation asset then the excess is recognized in profit or loss in the period the option receipt is recognized. Option receipts in the form of marketable securities are recorded at the quoted market price on the day the securities are received.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

#### **Provisions**

# Rehabilitation provisions

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations, including those associated with the rehabilitation of exploration and evaluation assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a liability for rehabilitation obligation is recognized at its fair value in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of cost can be made. The Company records the present value of estimated future cash flows associated with rehabilitation as a liability when the liability is incurred and increases the carrying value of the related assets for that amount. Subsequently, these capitalized rehabilitation costs are amortized over the life of the related assets. At the end of each period, the liability is increased to reflect the passage of time (accretion expense) and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying any initial estimates (additional rehabilitation costs).

The Company recognizes its environmental liability on a site-by-site basis when it can be reliably estimated. Environmental expenditures related to existing conditions resulting from past or current operations and from which no current or future benefit is discernible are charged to profit or loss. The Company had no measurable rehabilitation obligations as at January 31, 2017.

# **Impairment**

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Company's long-lived assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate and its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

# New accounting policies adopted

The following standards and amendments to existing standards have been adopted by the Company effective August 1, 2016:

IFRS 10, IFRS 12, and IAS 28, Investment Entities

This standard was amended to discuss the application of the investment entities exception.

IFRS 11, Joint arrangements

This standard was amended to provide specific guidance on accounting for the acquisition of an interesting in a joint operation that is a business.

IAS 16, Property, plant and equipment and IAS 38, Intangible assets

These standards were amended to prohibit the use of revenue-based depreciation methods for property, plant and equipment and limit the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets.

IAS 27, Separate financial statements

This standard was amended to restore the option to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in an entity's separate financial statements.

The adoption of these standards did not have an impact on the condensed interim financial statements.

# New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017:

IAS 12, Income Taxes

This standard was amendment to clarify the recognition of a deferred tax asset for unrealized losses.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

# New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective (cont'd...)

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018:

# IFRS 9, Financial instruments

This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as well as derecognition of financial instruments. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest, otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss.

# IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 is a new standard to establish principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. It provides a single model in order to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenue, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions involving Advertising Service.

The Company has not yet assessed the potential impact of the application of these standards, nor determined whether it will adopt the standards early.

# 4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Property	As at July 31, 2016	Option payments	Share issuances	As at January 31, 2017	
Midas Gold	\$	- \$	30,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000
Total	\$	- \$	30,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

# **Midas Gold Property**

On October 19, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Agreement") with ALX Uranium Corp. (the "Optionor") to acquire a one hundred percent (100%) interest in and to certain mineral claims located in the Riggs and Bruyere Townships of Ontario which are collectively known and described as the Midas Gold Property ("Midas Gold").

To acquire Midas Gold, the Company must make cash payments totaling \$200,000 by December 31, 2018 and issue a total of 1,000,000 common shares by December 31, 2018, as follows:

	Acquisition in	Acquisition in
	cash	shares
October 19, 2016 (completed)	\$ 15,000	-
December 31, 2016 (completed)	15,000	-
March 29, 2017 (Note 12)	-	100,000
December 31, 2017	70,000	250,000
December 31, 2018	100,000	650,000
	\$ 200,000	1,000,000

The property is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty with respect to any minerals commercially produced from the Property, of which one-half (i.e. 1%) may be purchased for \$1,000,000.

# 5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	Six months ended January 31, Year end 2017 July 31, 20		
Accounts payable	\$ 841	\$	487
Accrued liabilities	39,000		8,750
	\$ 39,841	\$	9,237

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

# **Authorized share capital**

The Company's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value.

# **Issued share capital**

During the six months ended January 31, 2017, the Company issued:

- a) 4,416,832 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per common share for total proceeds of \$220,842; and
- b) 4,233,332 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for total proceeds of \$423,333. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, exercisable at a price of \$0.15 per common share until November 16, 2018.

During the six months ended January 31, 2016, the Company issued 300,100 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per common share for total proceeds of \$15,005.

# **Escrow shares**

The Company entered into an escrow agreement pursuant to which 8,599,166 common shares have been placed in escrow and are subject to release in tranches over time in accordance with the policies of the Canadian Securities Administrators. The escrow agreement provides that 10% of the escrowed shares will be released from escrow upon the listing date and that an additional 15% will be released therefrom every six month interval thereafter, over a period of 36 months. As at January 31, 2017, there are 8,599,166 (July 31, 2016 and January 31, 2016 - Nil) shares held in escrow.

# Share subscriptions received in advance

As at January 31, 2017, the Company recorded \$Nil (July 31, 2016 - \$4,025) for share subscription agreements that were completed subsequent to period end.

# **Share subscriptions receivable**

As at January 31, 2017, the Company recorded \$Nil (July 31, 2016 - \$37,550) for common shares that have been issued.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 6. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

# **Stock options**

The Company has a rolling stock option plan under which the Board of Directors ("Board") may, from time to time in its discretion, grant options to acquire common shares of the Company to its directors, officers, employees, consultants, and advisors. The number of shares reserved for issuance under the plan may not exceed 10% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The exercise price of each option is determined by the Board but shall not be less than the market price of the Company's shares on the date prior to the date of grant less any discounts permitted by the CSE under its policies. The options may be granted for a maximum term of 10 years and are subject to such vesting provisions as may be determined by the Board.

As at January 31, 2017, the Company had not issued any stock options and no stock options are outstanding as at January 31, 2017 and 2016.

#### **Warrants**

As at January 31, 2017, the Company had outstanding warrants enabling the holders to acquire further common shares as follows:

		Weighted average	
Nous barrafaransa	Exercise	remaining life	Frankin i daka
Number of warrants	price	(years)	Expiry date
4,233,332	\$ 0.15	1.79	November 16, 2018
4,233,332			

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price		
Balance as at July 31, 2016 and January 31, 2016 Granted	- 4,233,332	\$	- 0.15	
Balance as at January 31, 2017	4,233,332	\$	0.15	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company considers key management personnel to consist of its directors and officers. The following expenses were incurred in transactions with key management personnel:

	Six months ended January 31, 2017	Six months ended January 31, 2016
Business development	\$ 3,750	\$ 
	\$ 3,750	\$ -

As at January 31, 2017, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was \$841 (July 31, 2016 - \$1,738) owing to officers and directors.

As at January 31, 2017, included in share subscriptions receivable was \$Nil (July 31, 2016 - \$37,500) owing from officers and directors.

#### 8. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Six months ended January 31, 2017	Six months ended January 31, 2016
Share subscriptions received in advance allocated to share capital Share subscriptions receivable included in share	\$ 39,025	\$ -
capital	-	3,250

#### 9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in a single reportable operating segment being the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets located in Canada.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. As at January 31, 2017, the Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial asset, being cash. The bank account is held with a major Canadian bank and this minimizes the risk to the Company.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is through regular monitoring of cash requirements. When necessary, the Company obtains financing from various investors to ensure all future obligations are fulfilled. The Company does not have any contractual obligations other than the accounts payable and accrued liabilities reported on the statement of financial position. The Company has sufficient cash as at January 31, 2017 to settle its current liabilities as they come due.

# Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of three types of market price changes:

Foreign currency exchange risk – this risk relates to any changes in foreign currencies in which the Company transacts. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations as the Company only conducts business in Canada and in Canadian dollars.

Interest rate risk – this risk relates to the change in the borrowing rates of the Company. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not have any significant financial instruments with interest rates, with the exception of cash. Interest earned on cash is based on prevailing bank account interest rates, which may fluctuate. A 1% change in interest rates would result in a nominal difference for the six months ended January 31, 2017.

*Price risk* – this risk relates to fluctuations in equity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations in pricing may be significant.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK (cont'd...)

# Fair value hierarchy

The Company's financial instruments recorded at fair value require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in level 1. Prices in level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the market place.

Level 3 - Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Company has classified its cash as fair value through profit or loss using level 1 inputs and accounts receivable as loans and receivables. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities. The fair value of accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

#### 11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to identify, pursue, and complete the exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets, to maintain financial strength, to meet its ongoing liabilities, to continue as a going concern, to maintain creditworthiness, and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. The Company manages its capital in a manner consistent with the risk characteristics of the assets it holds. All financing, including equity and debt, are analyzed by management and approved by the Board of Directors. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements. There has been no significant change in the Company's objectives, policies, and processes for managing its capital during the six months ended January 31, 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# 12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to January 31, 2017, the Company:

- a) completed the process of applying for a public listing of its common shares on the CSE through a non-offering prospectus and its shares began trading on March 27, 2017; and
- b) issued 100,000 common shares pursuant to the Midas Gold property agreement (Note 4).

# **SCHEDULE C**

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JANUARY 31, 2017

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Report Date - March 27, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides a review of activities, results of operations, and the financial condition of Miramont Resources Corp. (the "Company") for the six months ended January 31, 2017. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed interim financial statements and related notes for the six months ended January 31, 2017 and the audited financial statements and related notes thereto for the year ended July 31, 2016. All amounts disclosed in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

# Management's Responsibility

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and the MD&A. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. This MD&A has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of securities regulators, including National Instrument 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

# **Forward-Looking Statements**

This MD&A may contain forward-looking statements based on assumptions and judgments of management regarding events or results that may prove to be inaccurate as a result of exploration or other risk factors beyond its control. Actual results may differ materially from the expected results.

Except for statements of historical fact, this MD&A contains certain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities law. Forward-looking information is frequently characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate" and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" occur. In particular, forward-looking information in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to future events and is subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking information are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. We cannot guarantee future results, performance or achievements. Consequently, there is no representation that the actual results achieved will be the same, in whole or in part, as those set out in the forward-looking information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Forward-Looking Statements (cont'd...)

Forward-looking information is based on the opinions and estimates of management at the date the statements are made, which are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking information. Some of the risks and other factors that could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general economic conditions in Canada, the United States and globally; industry conditions, including fluctuations in commodity prices; governmental regulation of the mining industry, including environmental regulation; geological, technical and drilling problems; unanticipated operating events; competition for and/or inability to retain drilling rigs and other services; the availability of capital on acceptable terms; the need to obtain required approvals from regulatory authorities; stock market volatility; volatility in market prices for commodities; liabilities inherent in mining operations; changes in tax laws and incentive programs relating to the mining industry; and the other factors described herein under "Risks and Uncertainties" as well as in our public filings available at www.sedar.com. Readers are cautioned that this list of risk factors should not be construed as exhaustive.

The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. We undertake no duty to update any of the forward-looking information to conform such information to actual results or to changes in our expectations except as otherwise required by applicable securities legislation. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

#### Overview

The Company was incorporated on July 15, 2015 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia and is a mineral exploration company with a focus on acquiring, exploring and advancing exploration and evaluation assets in Canada. The Company's head office and registered and records office address is 1026 Belmont Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7R 1K2. The Company is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol MONT.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

# Midas Gold Property

On October 19, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Agreement") with ALX Uranium Corp. (the "Optionor") to acquire a one hundred percent (100%) interest in and to certain mineral claims located in the Riggs and Bruyere Townships of Ontario which are collectively known and described as the Midas Gold Property (the "Property").

To acquire the Property, the Company must make cash payments totaling \$200,000 by December 31, 2018 and issue a total of 1,000,000 common shares by December 31, 2018, as follows:

	Acquisition in cash	Acquisition in shares
October 19, 2016 (completed) December 31, 2016 (completed)	\$ 15,000	-
March 29, 2017 (completed) December 31, 2017	15,000 - 70.000	100,000 250,000
December 31, 2018 Total	\$ 100,000	650,000 1,000,000

The Property is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty with respect to any minerals commercially produced from the Property, of which one-half (i.e. 1%) may be purchased for \$1,000,000.

As at January 31, 2017, the Company has capitalized acquisition costs of \$30,000 (July 31, 2016 - \$Nil). For the six months ended January 31, 2017, the Company has not yet incurred any exploration and evaluation expenditures on the Property (January 31, 2016 - \$Nil).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Summary of Quarterly Results**

The following table sets out selected unaudited quarterly financial information for the most recent eight quarters:

Three Months Ended		January 31, 2017		October 31, 2016		July 31, 2016		April 30, 2016
Revenue Loss from continuing	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	\$	Nil	\$	Nil
operations - per share (1)	\$ \$	49,748	\$	8,615	\$	9,244	\$	2,820
Loss and comprehensive		(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
loss - per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ \$	49,748 (0.00)	\$ \$	8,615 (0.00)	\$ \$	9,244 (0.00)	\$ \$	2,820 (0.00)

Three Months Ended	January 31, 2016	October 31, 2015	From incorporation on July 15, 2015 to July 31, 2015
Revenue	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil
Loss from continuing operations	\$ 485	\$ 61	\$ 614
- per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
Loss and comprehensive loss	\$ 485	\$ 61	\$ 614
- per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)

Fully diluted loss per share was not calculated as the effect was anti-dilutive.

# **Overall Performance and Results of Operations: Quarterly**

During the three month period ended January 31, 2017, the Company had no revenue and incurred a loss and comprehensive loss of \$49,748 compared to revenue of \$Nil and a loss and comprehensive loss of \$485 for the three month period ended January 31, 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Overall Performance and Results of Operations: Quarterly (cont'd...)**

# **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for the three month period ended January 31, 2017 were \$49,748, compared to \$485 for the three month period ended January 31, 2016. The increase in operating expenses in the most recent interim period was attributable to fees and expenses incurred by the Company in searching for a viable project and listing on the CSE. The comparable period had little activity as the Company had recently been incorporated. The significant expenditures included:

- Filing fees The initial application fee for listing on the CSE has been paid in addition to filing fees required for the share issuances.
- Professional fees The fees were incurred for legal and audit costs required as part of the process of applying for a listing of the Company's shares on the CSE.
- Property investigation costs The Company paid for a 43-101 report on the Midas Gold Property.

# Overall Performance and Results of Operations: Year-to-Date

During the six month period ended January 31, 2017, the Company had no revenue and incurred a loss and comprehensive loss of \$58,363 compared to revenue of \$Nil and a loss and comprehensive loss of \$546 for the six month period ended January 31, 2016.

#### Operating expenses

Operating expenses for the six month period ended January 31, 2017 were \$58,363, compared to \$546 for the six month period ended January 31, 2016. The increase in operating expenses in the most recent interim period was attributable to fees and expenses incurred by the Company in searching for a viable project and listing on the CSE. The comparable period had little activity as the Company had recently been incorporated. The significant expenditures, not described above, included:

• Business development – The amount incurred in the current period was a result of paying a director for his services performed in locating potential projects. There were no amounts incurred in the prior period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's cash position was \$663,503 as at January 31, 2017 compared to \$44,993 as at July 31, 2016 and to \$44,606 as at January 31, 2016. The Company had a working capital surplus of \$625,093 as at January 31, 2017 as compared to a working capital surplus of \$35,756 as at July 31, 2016 and to \$44,620 at January 31, 2016. The Company's cash position has increased during the current period, and since inception, as a direct result of additional financings being completed. The increase in current liabilities during the current period was attributable to additional fees and expenses incurred by the Company as it continues it application for a listing on CSE. The listing was approved subsequent to the period end.

During the six months ended January 31, 2017, the Company raised \$644,175, of which \$4,025 had been collected in the prior year, by way of non-brokered private placements pursuant to which the Company issued 4,416,832 common shares at \$0.05 per share and 4,233,332 units at \$0.10 per unit. During the six months ended January 31, 2017, the Company collected \$37,550 in share subscriptions receivable that was owed as at July 31, 2016.

The Company's expected cash resources are sufficient to meet its short-term needs. The Company is continuing to explore various potential sources of financing, but there is no certainty that any additional financings will be completed.

# **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company did not enter into any off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions during the year.

#### **Transactions with Related Parties**

The following summarizes the Company's related party transactions with its key management personnel:

	Six months ended January 31, 2017		Six months ended January 31, 2016	
Paid or accrued business development fees to Tyson King, a director and President of the Company	\$ 3,750	\$	-	
	\$ 3,750	\$	-	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Transactions with Related Parties (cont'd...)

As at January 31, 2017 included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was \$841 (July 31, 2016 - \$1,738) owing to officers and directors.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and the members of its Board of Directors.

# **Subsequent Events**

There are no subsequent events to disclose that are not disclosed elsewhere in this MD&A.

# **Share Capital Information**

# **Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data**

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value.

# **Shares Issued and Outstanding**

As at the Report Date, there were 15,050,264 common shares issued and outstanding and Nil preferred shares issued and outstanding.

# **Escrow Shares**

As at the Report Date, there were 7,739,250 common shares held in escrow.

# **Stock options**

As at the Report Date, the Company had no incentive stock options outstanding.

# Warrants

As at the Report Date, the Company had 4,233,332 share purchase warrants outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and are, but are not limited to, the following:

Recovery of deferred tax assets - Judgment is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized in the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the date of the statement of financial position could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. The Company has not recorded any deferred tax assets.

# **Accounting Policies**

# Adoption of accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies were applied during the six months ended January 31, 2017:

# Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company is in the process of exploring its exploration and evaluation assets and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Accounting Policies (cont'd...)

Adoption of accounting policies (cont'd...)

Exploration and evaluation assets (cont'd...)

Exploration costs are recognized in profit or loss. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area of interest are recognized in profit or loss. All costs related to the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized on an individual prospect basis. Amounts received for the sale of exploration and evaluation assets, for option payments and for exploration advances are treated as reductions of the cost of the property, with payments in excess of capitalized costs recognized in profit or loss. Costs for a producing property will be amortized on a unit-of-production method based on the estimated life of the ore reserves. The recoverability of the amounts capitalized for the undeveloped exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the determination of economically recoverable ore reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete their development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of properties pursuant to the terms of option agreements. Due to the fact that property options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as exploration and evaluation asset costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the option payments received exceed the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation asset then the excess is recognized in profit or loss in the period the option receipt is recognized. Option receipts in the form of marketable securities are recorded at the quoted market price on the day the securities are received.

#### **Provisions**

# Rehabilitation provisions

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations, including those associated with the rehabilitation of exploration and evaluation assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a liability for rehabilitation obligation is recognized at its fair value in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of cost can be made. The Company records the present value of estimated future cash flows associated with rehabilitation as a liability when the liability is incurred and increases the carrying value of the related assets for that amount. Subsequently, these capitalized rehabilitation costs are amortized over the life of the related assets. At the end of each period, the liability is increased to reflect the passage of time (accretion expense) and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying any initial estimates (additional rehabilitation costs).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Accounting Policies (cont'd...)

Adoption of accounting policies (cont'd...)

Provisions (cont'd...)

Rehabilitation provisions (cont'd...)

The Company recognizes its environmental liability on a site-by-site basis when it can be reliably estimated. Environmental expenditures related to existing conditions resulting from past or current operations and from which no current or future benefit is discernible are charged to profit or loss. The Company had no measurable rehabilitation obligations as at January 31, 2017.

#### *Impairment*

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Company's long-lived assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate and its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The following standards and amendments to existing standards have been adopted by the Company effective August 1, 2016:

IFRS 10, IFRS 12, and IAS 28, Investment Entities

This standard was amended to discuss the application of the investment entities exception.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Accounting Policies (cont'd...)

Adoption of accounting policies (cont'd...)

*IFRS 11, Joint arrangements* 

This standard was amended to provide specific guidance on accounting for the acquisition of an interesting in a joint operation that is a business.

IAS 16, Property, plant and equipment and IAS 38, Intangible assets

These standards were amended to prohibit the use of revenue-based depreciation methods for property, plant and equipment and limit the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets.

IAS 27, Separate financial statements

This standard was amended to restore the option to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in an entity's separate financial statements.

The adoption of these standards did not have an impact on the condensed interim financial statements.

New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017:

*IAS 12, Income Taxes* 

This standard was amendment to clarify the recognition of a deferred tax asset for unrealized losses.

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018:

IFRS 9, Financial instruments

This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as well as derecognition of financial instruments. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest, otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Accounting Policies (cont'd...)

New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards not yet effective (cont'd...)

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

IFRS 15 is a new standard to establish principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. It provides a single model in order to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenue, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions involving Advertising Service.

The Company has not yet assessed the potential impact of the application of these standards, nor determined whether it will adopt the standards early.

#### **Financial Instruments**

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. As at January 31, 2017, the Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

# Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial asset, being cash. The bank account is held with a major Canadian bank and this minimizes the risk to the Company.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is through regular monitoring of cash requirements. When necessary, the Company obtains financing from various investors to ensure all future obligations are fulfilled. The Company does not have any contractual obligations other than the accounts payable and accrued liabilities reported on the statement of financial position. The Company has sufficient cash as at January 31, 2017 to settle its current liabilities as they come due.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Financial Instruments (cont'd...)

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of three types of market price changes:

Foreign currency exchange risk - this risk relates to any changes in foreign currencies in which the Company transacts. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations as the Company only conducts business in Canada and in Canadian dollars.

Interest rate risk — this risk relates to the change in the borrowing rates of the Company. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not have any significant financial instruments with interest rates, with the exception of cash. Interest earned on cash is based on prevailing bank account interest rates, which may fluctuate. A 1% change in interest rates would result in a nominal difference for the six months ended January 31, 2017.

*Price risk* - this risk relates to fluctuations in equity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations in pricing may be significant.

# Fair value hierarchy

The Company's financial instruments recorded at fair value require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in level 1. Prices in level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the market place.

Level 3 - Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Company has classified its cash as fair value through profit or loss using level 1 inputs and accounts receivable as loans and receivables. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities. The fair value of accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Capital Management**

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to identify, pursue, and complete the exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets, to maintain financial strength, to meet its ongoing liabilities, to continue as a going concern, to maintain creditworthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. The Company manages its capital in a manner consistent with the risk characteristics of the assets it holds. All financing, including equity and debt, are analyzed by management and approved by the Board of Directors. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements. There has been no significant change in the Company's objectives, policies, and processes for managing its capital during the six months ended January 31, 2017.

#### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company is in the mineral exploration and development business and, as such, is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are not uncommon to other companies in the same business. Some of the possible risks include the following:

- a) The industry is capital intensive and subject to fluctuations in metal prices, market sentiment, foreign exchange and interest rates. The recovery of the Company's investment in exploration and evaluation assets and the attainment of profitable operations are dependent upon the discovery and development of economic ore reserves and the ability to arrange sufficient financing to bring the ore reserves into production.
- b) The most likely sources of future funds for further acquisitions and exploration programs undertaken by the Company are the sale of equity capital and the offering by the Company of an interest in its properties to be earned by another interested party carrying out further exploration or development. If such exploration programs are successful, the development of economic ore bodies and commencement of commercial production may require future equity financings by the Company, which are likely to result in substantial dilution to the holdings of existing shareholders.
- c) The Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the resource markets and the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for the investor support of its projects.
- d) The prices of metals greatly affect the value of and the potential value of its exploration and evaluation assets. This, in turn, greatly affects its ability to raise equity capital, negotiate option agreements and form joint ventures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# Risks and Uncertainties (cont'd...)

- e) The Company must comply with health, safety, and environmental regulations governing air and water quality and land disturbances and provide for mine reclamation and closure costs. The Company's permission to operate could be withdrawn temporarily where there is evidence of serious breaches of such regulations, or even permanently in the case of extreme breaches. Significant liabilities could be imposed on the Company for damages, clean-up costs or penalties in the event of certain discharges into the environment, environmental damage caused by previous owners of acquired properties or noncompliance with environmental laws or regulations.
- f) The operations of the Company will require various licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining the necessary licenses and permits to continue exploration and development activities in the future.
- g) Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to exploration and evaluation assets in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such assets may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by such undetected defects.

Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, then actual results may vary materially from those described in any forward looking statement. The development and exploration activities of the Company are subject to various laws governing exploration, development, and labour standards which may affect the operations of the Company as these laws and regulations set various standards regulating certain aspects of health and environmental quality. They provide for penalties and other liabilities for the violation of such standards and establish, in certain circumstances, obligations to rehabilitate current and former facilities and locations where operations are, or were conducted.

# **Proposed Transactions**

Currently there are no pending proposed transactions; however, the Company continues to seek new business and/or investment opportunities and to raise capital.

# **Additional Information**

Additional information relating to the Company, is available on the Canadian System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website at **www.sedar.com**.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
JANUARY 31, 2017

# **Corporate Information**

Directors: Tyson King

Gordon King Gerald Shields Leah Hodges

Officers: Tyson King, President

Lesia Burianyk, CFO

Leah Hodges, Corporate Secretary

Auditor: Davidson and Company LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Suite 1200 – 609 Granville Street

Vancouver, BC, V7Y 1G6

Legal Counsel: AFG Law LLP

Suite 605 – 815 Hornby Street Vancouver, BC, V6Z 2E6

Transfer Agent: Computershare Trust Company of Canada

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